Eliminating Cross-Cutting Concerns with Aspect-Oriented Programming

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My Background (1)



- ♠ Degree
 - ☐B.S. in Computer Science
 - □ Rutgers University (go Scarlet Knights!)
- * "Petrochemical Research Organization" in New Jersey
 - □ Senior Research Technician (1988-1998, 2004-present)
 - □Systems Analyst (1998-2002)
- ♠ Ai-Logix, Inc.
 - ☐ Technical Support Engineer (2003-2004)
- **Amateur Computer Group of New Jersey (ACGNJ)**
 - □ Java Users Group Leader (2001-present)
 - □President (2007-present)
 - □Secretary (2006)



My Background (2)



Publications (co-authored with Barry Burd)

- □ James: The Java Apache Mail Enterprise Server
- □ Avoid Excessive Subclassing with the Decorator Design Pattern
- □ Keeping Your Java Objects Informed with the Observer Design
 Pattern
- □ Manufacturing Java Objects with the Factory Method Design Pattern
- □ Resistance is Futile How to Make Your Java Objects Conform with the Adapter Pattern
- ☐ Get to Know Your Java Object's State of Mind with the State

 Pattern
- □ Encapsulating Algorithms with the Template Method Design Pattern



Objectives



- **♠** Cross-Cutting Concerns
- ♠ Introduce Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)
- **Example Application**



Software Concerns



- Primary concerns
 - □Core application functionality
- Secondary concerns
 - □ System-wide objects that can be used in any primary concern



What are Cross-Cutting Concerns?



- Secondary, system-wide concerns that can be found in multiple primary concerns
 - □ Logging
 - □ Authentication
 - **□** Authorization
 - □ Persistence
- A Requires certain behavior to occur at one or more points in the control flow of a program for its implementation to be correct



```
// cross-cutting concerns?
                          Is this method a cross-cutting concern?
public void addClaim(Claim claim) {
    if(claim == null)
         throw new IllegalArgumentException("null claim");
    this.claims.add(claim);
                          Is this method a cross-cutting concern?
protected void notifyListeners() {
    for(Iterator iterator = listeners.iterator();
      iterator.hasNext();) {
         PolicyListener listener = iterator.next();
         listener.policyUpdated(this);
            This method needs to be invoked at the appropriate
            points in the control flow of the application
```



```
// cross-cutting concerns?
public void addClaim(Claim claim) {
   if(claim == null)
       throw new IllegalArgumentException("null claim");
   this.claims.add(claim);
   protected void notifyListeners() {
   for(Iterator iterator = listeners.iterator();
     iterator.hasNext();) {
       PolicyListener listener = iterator.next();
       listener.policyUpdated(this);
```



So, Are You Ready...

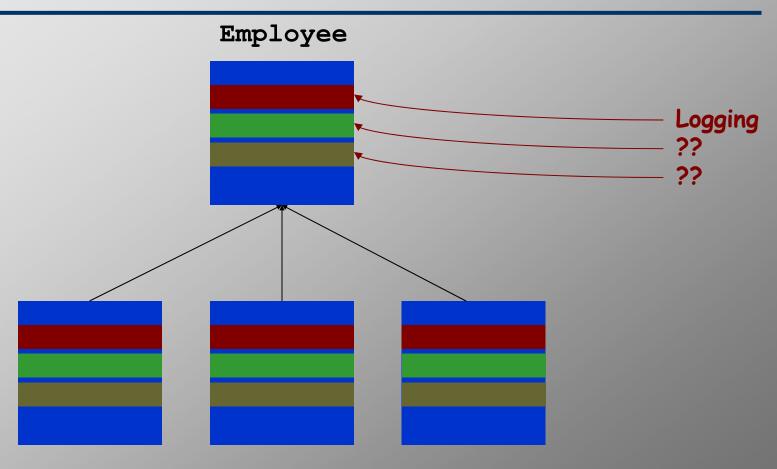


...to review an initial Laboratory application?



Cross-Cutting Concerns





PrincipleInvestigator

AdministrativeAssistant Research

ResearchTechnician



What is Aspect-Oriented Programming?



- **A** programming paradigm
- Separates cross-cutting concerns from the core functionality of the application
- !mplementations:
 - □Spring AOP
 - **□** AspectJ
 - □JBoss AOP
 - □AspectWerkz *



What About Object-Oriented Programming?



- ♠ Object-Oriented Programming is excellent...
 - □...for modeling real-world objects
 - □...for separation of implementation from interface
 - In the second of the second
- A However, secondary concerns must still be referenced in each of the primary concerns
 - □ creating cross-cutting concerns
- Even Design Patterns can suffer from cross-cutting concerns!



Core Concepts



- **♦** Join Points
- **♠** Pointcuts
- **Advice**
- Aspect



Join Points (1)

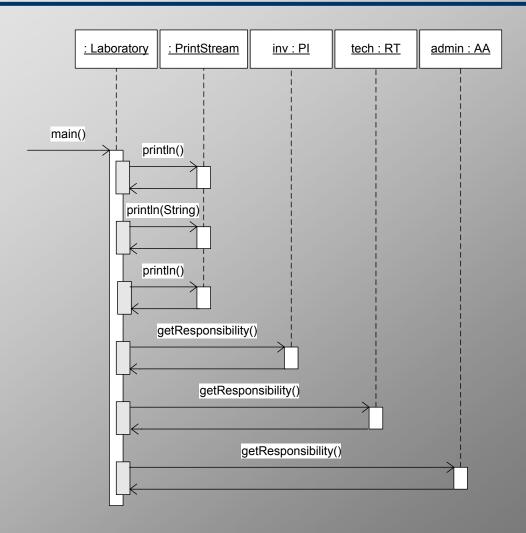


- d Identifiable points within the execution of a program
 - □ Calling methods
 - □Initializing objects (constructor calls)
 - □Accessing/updating data members
- Place into which aspects are woven
- **♦ Join Point Model**
 - □ Defines a set of events visible to an aspect during program execution
 - □Join Points
 - **□**Pointcuts



Join Points (2)







Pointcuts



- Filters to match join points that meet a specification
- ♠ Three (3) types:
 - **□Kind**
 - **□**Scope
 - □ Context
- ♠ Prototype:

```
[visibility-modifier] pointcut name(ParameterList) :
PointcutExpression ;
```



Pointcuts (2)



♠ Pointcut Expression

 \Box Combination of pointcut designators and operators (&&), (||), and (!) as necessary



Pointcut Designators



Kind designators

- □Match certain "kinds" of join point events
- □call (methodSignature)
- □execution (methodSignature)

Context designators

- ☐ Match join points based on join point context
- ☐target(Type)
- □args (Type)

Scope designators

☐ Match join points within a certain scope



Advice



- Specifies what to do at the join points of interest
- Code that is woven into a pointcut
- ♠ Three (3) types:
 - **□**Before
 - **□**After
 - □ Around



Before Advice



- Executes before a matched join point
- **♠** Prototype:

```
before(ParameterList) : pointcutName(ParameterList) {
    // body of advice...
}
```



After Advice (1)



- Executes after a matched join point
- **♠** Three (3) basic forms:
 - □Successful return from a matched join point
 - □ Returning from a matched join point upon some exception condition
 - □ Returning from a matched join point either normally or upon an exception condition



After Advice (2)



♠ Prototypes:

```
after (ParameterList) returning (returnValue) :
pointcutName(ParameterList) {
    // body of advice...
after (ParameterList) throwing (ExceptionType):
pointcutName(ParameterList) {
    // body of advice...
after(parameterList) : pointcutName(ParameterList) {
    // body of advice...
```



Around Advice



- Executes before and after a matched join point
- Can determine:
 - □Continuation of program execution into matched join point
 - □Return type
- **♠** Prototype:

```
ReturnType around(ParameterList) :
  pointcutName(ParameterList) {
    // body of advice
    if(// some desired condition)
       proceed(ParameterList)
  }
```



Aspect



- **△** A unit of modularity, encapsulation, and abstraction □Sound familiar??
- ♠ Aspect = Pointcut + Advice
- **♠** Prototype:

```
[visibility-modifier] aspect {
    // pointcut definition(s)...
    // advice definitions(s)...
    // other methods...
}
```



So, Are You Ready...



...to review the refactored Laboratory application?



Resources (1)



- Spring Framework
 - □http://www.springframework.org/
- **♠** AspectJ
 - □http://www.eclipse.org/aspectj/
- **♦ JBoss AOP**
 - □http://labs.jboss.com/jbossaop/
- AspectWerkz
 - □http://aspectwerkz.codehaus.org/



Resources (2)



- ♠ Capitol District Java Developers Network
 - □http://www.cdjdn.com/
- **ACGNJ Java Users Group**
 - □http://www.javasig.org/
- Princeton Java Users Group
 - □ http://www.myflex.org/princetonjug/
- ♠ NYJavaSIG
 - □http://www.javasig.com/
- Philly Spring Users Group
 - □http://phillyspring.org/



Further Reading (1)



- Professional Java Development with the Spring Framework
 - □Rod Johnson, et. al
 - □ISBN 0-76457-483-3
- ♠ Pro Spring
 - □ Rob Harrop and Jan Machacek
 - □ISBN 1-59059-461-4
- **Spring in Action**
 - □Craig Walls and Ryan Breidenbach
 - □ISBN 1-93239-435-4



Further Reading (2)



- ♠ Eclipse AspectJ
 - □Adrian Colyer, et. al
 - □ISBN 0-321-24587-3
- ♠ AspectJ in Action
 - □Ramnivas Laddad
 - □ISBN 1-930-110-93-6

